

BY LAWS

of Prayer Tents, Inc.

Prayer Tents is a non-profit organization that seeks to build community by enabling Christians to pray for one another and experience the power of God. Collaborating with churches around the world, we would create a pathway for those that do not yet believe to come to know and experience God through the power of prayer and by filling needs.

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NON-PROFIT CORPORATE BYLAWS

ARTICLE I - NAME

1.01 Name

The name of this corporation shall be Prayer Tents, Inc. The business of the corporation may be conducted as Prayer Tents, Inc. or simply Prayer Tents.



ARTICLE II – PURPOSES, POWERS, KEY CUSTOMERS

2.01 Purpose

Prayer Tents is to be

A venue for Christians to be available and intercede for those interested.

The Corporation is organized for charitable, religious and educational purposes to encourage community and prayer. This corporation intends to bring awareness and practice of community and prayer, forming various gatherings to facilitate this purpose.

This corporation is organized exclusively for the purposes specified in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code qualifying it to be an exempt organization.

We provide a platform to enable people that seek prayer to connect with a Christian that is local, enabling such people in need to obtain the help they need. Partnering with local churches, we will advance the power of prayer and enable others to experience and know God.

2.02 Mission Statement

Prayer Tents is a non-profit organization that

- Seeks to **build community** by
- Enabling Christians to pray for one another and
- (all involved to) experience the power of God.

Collaborating with churches around the world, we would

- Create a pathway for those that do not yet believe to
- Come to know and experience God

Through the **power of prayer** and by **filling needs**.



2.03 Powers

The corporation shall have the power, directly or indirectly, alone or in conjunction or cooperation with others, to do any and all lawful acts which may be necessary or convenient to affect the charitable purposes, for which the corporation is organized, and to aid or assist other organizations or persons whose activities further accomplish, foster, or attain such purposes. The powers of the corporation may include, but not be limited to, the acceptance of contributions from the public and private sectors, whether financial or in-kind contributions.

2.04 Nonprofit Status and Exempt Activities Limitation.

- (a) <u>Nonprofit Legal Status</u>. Prayer Tents, Inc. is a New York non-profit public benefit corporation, recognized as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) Exempt Activities Limitation. Notwithstanding any other provision of these Bylaws, no director, officer, employee, member, or representative of this corporation shall take any action or carry on any activity by or on behalf of the corporation not permitted to be taken or carried on by an organization exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code as it now exists or may be amended, or by any organization contributions to which are deductible under Section 170(c)(2) of such Code and Regulations as it now exists or may be amended. No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit or be distributable to any director, officer, member, or other private person, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in the Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws.
- (c) <u>Distribution Upon Dissolution</u>. Upon termination or dissolution of Prayer Tents, Inc., any assets lawfully available for distribution shall be distributed to one (1) or more qualifying organizations described in Section 501(c)(3) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code (or described in any corresponding provision of any successor statute) which organization or organizations have a charitable purpose which, at least generally, includes a purpose similar to the terminating or dissolving corporation.

The organization to receive the assets of the Prayer Tents, Inc. hereunder shall be selected in the discretion of a majority of the managing body of the corporation, and if its members cannot so agree, then the recipient organization shall be selected pursuant to a verified petition in equity filed in a court of proper jurisdiction against the Prayer Tents, Inc., by one (1) or more of its managing body which verified petition shall contain such statements as reasonably indicate the applicability of this section. The court upon a finding that this section is applicable shall select the qualifying organization or organizations to receive the assets to be distributed, giving preference if practicable to organizations located within the State of New York.



In the event that the court shall find that this section is applicable but that there is no qualifying organization known to it which has a charitable purpose, which, at least generally, includes a purpose similar to the Prayer Tents, Inc., then the court shall direct the distribution of its assets lawfully available for distribution to the Treasurer of the State of New York to be added to the general fund.

(d) <u>Non-Influence to Legislation</u>. The organization will not, as a substantial part of its activities, attempt to influence legislation or participate to any extent in a political campaign for or against any candidate for public office.

2.05 Key Customers - Their Interests and Expected Benefits

Local Churches/Christian Organizations and their leadership

- Evangelism letting others know about the Gospel through their membership
- Growth in membership of their church from relationships developed by their congregation members
- Getting their church known so that not-yet-believers would be knowledgeable and stop by when time comes
- Positive atmosphere where their congregation is free to operate and have an opportunity to grow

Interested, not-yet-believing people

- A place where they can find confidentiality to talk about anything and learn about what God is able to do for them, and perhaps receive what they ask for.
- A real live (relevant) person be able to respond at the time that they would like
- A place where they can try connecting with someone without worries of unwanted follow ups



ARTICLE III – MEMBERS AND NON-MEMBERS

3.01 Board of Directors (the "Board", 이사회)

The Board is ultimately responsible for the sustenance and effectiveness of the organization. They provide general guidance to and provides leadership to the organization. The Board also acts in a fiduciary role by maintaining oversight of the nonprofit's finances. Board members must evaluate financial policies, approve annual budgets, and review periodic financial reports to ensure that the organization has the necessary resources to carry out its mission and remains accountable to its donors and the general public.

Typical duties of boards of directors include:

- Governing the organization by establishing broad policies and objectives;
- Selecting, appointing, supporting and reviewing the performance of the Board President/Chief Executive Officer;
- Ensuring the availability of adequate financial resources;
- Approving annual budgets;
- Accounting to the stakeholders for the organization's performance;
- Setting the salaries and compensation of company management;

This membership is explained in greater detail in ARTICLE VI - OFFICERS.

3.02 No Membership Classes

The corporation shall have no membership class members that have no right to vote or title or interest in or to the corporation, its properties and franchises.

3.03 Non-Voting Affiliates (Non-members)

The Board of Directors may approve classes of non-voting affiliates with rights, privileges, and obligations established by the Board. Affiliates may be individuals, businesses, and other organizations that seek to support the mission of the corporation. The Board shall have authority to admit any individual or organization as an affiliate, to recognize representatives of affiliates, and to make determinations as to affiliates' rights, privileges, and obligations. At no time shall affiliate information be shared with or sold to other organizations or groups without the affiliate's consent. At the discretion of the Board of Directors, affiliates may be given endorsement, recognition and media coverage at fundraising activities, clinics, other events or at the corporation website. Affiliates have no voting rights, and are not members of the corporation. Such members include the following:



Advisory Committee (자문위원회)

Advisory Committee (may also be called "Board of Advisors" or "Advisory Board") is a group of talented, experienced, wealthy, or otherwise influential individuals who are invited to provide ongoing advice and support to a nonprofit's Board of Directors. It is created by the Board of Directors for advisory (or honorific) purposes to provide sustenance, credibility and/or guidance to the organization. Such members may be valued volunteers, key donors, prominent community leaders and professionals in the field related to your mission, retired directors or interested supporters thinking of eventually becoming directors, and sometimes members of the community that the organization serves. Accordingly, pastors and other spiritual leaders desiring greater involvement would participate in this role.

Those who partake in the advisory role do not make executive decisions nor can they cast votes when Board decisions are to be made. Their roles are strictly advisory, providing input to important matters taking on research or other data gathering activities as needed. Such roles generally call for specialists in the customers that the company serves.

By oath, Advisory Committee members are willing to do whatever it takes to ensure effectiveness of the company to fulfill the mission of the organization. When uncertain, this means following and acting on the direction of the Board as required.

Individual Advisory members may be sought out for advice or help at any time; however, The Advisory Committee will meet formally every two months as a minimum to discuss key topics set forth by the Board. The meetings will generally be held virtually, but in person whenever feasible to do so.

The maximum number of Advisory members shall be 30. The Advisory staff shall be elected and dismissed by the vote of the Board as needed.

General Advisors

General Advisors are very loosely allowed membership given to customers that may best elicit feedback based on profession, region, culture and other skills that enable us to better serve the organization's customers. Such people include:

- Local Pastors
- Other Christian leaders
- Other Specialists that support the mission of the organization

This role is available because the feedback from these customers are very valuable and important to the steering of our company. Just like the Advisory Committee, General Advisors do not have voting or decision authority and are willing to accept the direction of the Board.



However, the Board shall listen to their counsel and seek to follow their guidance if it is in the best interest of the mission of the organization, as they are the specialists in their local regions.

Individual General Advisors may be sought out for advice or help at any time, but a formal meeting shall be held at least once every three months with the topics to be presented by the Board. At these meetings, inputs of all attendees shall be sought in a reasonable manner.

There is no limit to the number of membership of General Advisors. If the size of the membership permits, the meetings may be separated by region, culture, language, etc. as needed to best support the mission of the organization.

3.04 General Manager and Staff (Non-members)

General Manager (GM) leads the management efforts in implementing and achieving the priorities set forth by the Board. GM is also responsible for keeping the Board appropriately informed regarding the Corporation's significant activities and undertakings. GM and his/her staff are not considered members, but supporters to the cause as appointed by the Board. GM and staff of the organization are also expected to heed to the corporate duties as outlined in section 3.04 Duties for All Members.

GM is responsible for appropriately staffing and handling day-to-day activities required to operate and improve the organization's ability to better serve its customers, per direction set by the Board. This includes, but are not limited to, the following aspects:

Sales and Marketing

This activity is to elicit interest of and winning support and donations of the organization's customers, namely Christian organization leaders such as pastors and those that do not yet have faith in Jesus. This involves mapping out regions and making personal visits to Christian leaders as well as executing a marketing campaign to enable the general public to be aware of the services of the organization.

Customer Support

This activity includes supporting our customers and enabling them to make best use of the services provided by the organization. This requires corporate setup to receive customer requests and respond to them, with proper plans and guidelines on handling customers.

Research and Development (Product)

This activity includes capturing feedback of the general public and customers in order to improve and adding new services and products provided to meet the mission of the organization.



Internship or Volunteer Activities

At times, per the discretion of the Board of Directors, internships or volunteer opportunities may be provided to provide opportunities for involvement in order to have a greater impact for change.

Missions Activities

Prayer Tents strongly believes in funding missionary work. As determined by the Board, the staff shall perform certain activities to support mission work.

3.05 Core Commitment and Duties for All Members, Affiliates, Staff of Prayer Tents

Board of Directors, Affiliates, and all Staff of Prayer Tents are expected to put the interest of the nonprofit before any personal or professional concerns; and act with urgency to handle matters of the nonprofits as required to ensure the organization's ability to meet its intended mission. These requirements are captured in the three core duties:

Duty of Care

Take care of the nonprofit by ensuring prudent use of all assets, including facility, people, and good will; and advance the nonprofit's effectiveness and sustainability wherever possible. Expected to act with urgency as time arises to meet immediate needs to be able to fulfill the mission of the organization.

Duty of Loyalty

When acting on behalf of the organization, put the interests of the nonprofit before any personal or professional concerns and avoid potential conflicts of interest.

Duty of Obedience

Ensure obedience to applicable laws and act in accordance with ethical practices; adhere to the corporation's stated corporate purposes and ensure that the corporation's activities advance its mission.

3.06 Dues

Any dues for membership and/or affiliates shall be determined by the Board of Directors.



ARTICLE IV - BOARD OF DIRECTORS

4.01 Number of Directors

Prayer Tents, Inc. shall have a Board of Directors ("Board") consisting of at least 3 and no more than 15 directors. Within these limits, the Board may increase or decrease the number of directors serving on the Board, including for the purpose of staggering the terms of directors.

4.02 Powers

All corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the authority of the Board, and the affairs of the Prayer Tents, Inc. shall be managed under the direction of the Board, except as otherwise provided by law.

4.03 Terms

- (a) All directors shall be elected to serve a two-year term; however, the term may be extended until a successor has been elected.
- **(b)** Director terms shall be staggered so that approximately half the number of directors will end their terms in any given year.
- (c) Directors may serve terms in succession.
- (d) The term of office shall be considered to begin January 1 and end December 31 of the second year in office, unless the term is extended until such time as a successor has been elected.

4.04 Qualifications and Election of Directors

In order to be eligible to serve as a director on the Board of Directors, the individual must be 18 years of age and an affiliate within affiliate classifications created by the Board of Directors. Directors may be elected at any Board meeting by the majority vote of the existing Board of Directors. The election of directors to replace those who have fulfilled their term of office shall take place in January of each year.



4.05 Vacancies

The Board of Directors may fill vacancies due to the expiration of a director's term of office, resignation, death, or removal of a director or may appoint new directors to fill a previously unfilled Board position, subject to the maximum number of directors under these Bylaws.

(a) <u>Unexpected Vacancies</u>. Vacancies in the Board of Directors due to resignation, death, or removal shall be filled by the Board for the balance of the term of the director being replaced.

4.06 Removal of Directors

A director may be removed by two-thirds vote of the Board of Directors then in office, if:

- (a) the director is absent and unexcused from two or more meetings of the Board of Directors in a twelve-month period. The Board President is empowered to excuse directors from attendance for a reason deemed adequate by the Board President. Or:
- **(b)** for cause or no cause, if before any meeting of the Board at which a vote on removal will be made the director in question is given electronic or written notification of the Board's intention to discuss her/his case and is given the opportunity to be heard at a meeting of the Board.

4.07 Board of Directors Meetings

- (a) Regular Meetings. The Board of Directors shall have a minimum of four (4) regular meetings each calendar year at times and places fixed by the Board. Board meetings shall be held upon four (4) days notice by first-class mail, electronic mail, or facsimile transmission or forty-eight (48) hours notice delivered personally or by telephone. If sent by mail, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail, the notice shall be deemed to be delivered upon its deposit in the mail or transmission system. Notice of meetings shall specify the place, day, and hour of meeting. The purpose of the meeting need not be specified.
- **(b)** Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board may be called by the President or any two (2) other directors of the Board. A special meeting must be preceded by at least two days' notice to each director of the date, time, and place, but not necessarily the purpose, of the meeting.
- **(c)** <u>Waiver of Notice</u>. Any director may waive notice of any meeting, in accordance with New York law.



4.08 Manner of Acting.

- (a) <u>Quorum</u>. A majority of the directors in office immediately before a meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at that meeting of the Board. No business shall be considered by the Board at any meeting at which a quorum is not present.
- **(b)** <u>Majority Vote</u>. Except as otherwise required by law or by the articles of incorporation, the act of the majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board.
- **(C)** <u>Hung Board Decisions</u>. On the occasion that directors of the Board are unable to make a decision based on a tied number of votes, the President shall have the power to swing the vote based on his/her discretion.
- **(d)** <u>Participation.</u> Except as required otherwise by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws, directors may participate in a regular or special meeting through the use of any means of communication by which all directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting, including in person, internet video meeting or by telephonic conference call.

4.09 Compensation for Board Service

Directors shall receive no compensation for carrying out their duties as directors. The Board may adopt policies providing for reasonable reimbursement of directors for expenses incurred in conjunction with carrying out Board responsibilities, such as travel expenses to attend Board meetings.

4.10 Compensation for Professional Services by Directors

Directors are not restricted from being remunerated for professional services provided to the corporation. Such remuneration shall be reasonable and fair to the corporation and must be reviewed and approved in accordance with the Board Conflict of Interest policy and state law.



ARTICLE V - COMMITTEES

5.01 Committees

The Board of Directors may, by the resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office, designate one or more committees, each consisting of two or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the Board. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board, shall have all the authority of the Board, except that no committee, regardless of Board resolution, may:

- (a) take any final action on matters which also requires Board members' approval or approval of a majority of all members;
- **(b)** fill vacancies on the Board of directors of in any committee which has the authority of the Board;
- (c) amend or repeal Bylaws or adopt new Bylaws;
- (d) amend or repeal any resolution of the Board of Directors which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
- **(e)** appoint any other committees of the Board of Directors or the members of these committees;
- (f) expend corporate funds to support a nominee for Director; or
- (g) approve any transaction;
 - (i) to which the corporation is a party and one or more Directors have a material financial interest; or
 - (ii) between the corporation and one or more of its Directors or between the corporation or any person in which one or more of its Directors have a material financial interest.



5.02 Meetings and Action of Committees

Meetings and action of the committees shall be governed by and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article IV of these Bylaws concerning meetings of the directors, with such changes in the context of those Bylaws as are necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the Board of Directors and its members, except that the time for regular meetings of committees may be determined either by resolution of the Board of Directors or by resolution of the committee. Special meetings of the committee may also be called by resolution of the Board of Directors. Notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to any and all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of any committee and shall be filed with the corporate records. The Board of Directors may adopt rules for the governing of the committee not inconsistent with the provision of these Bylaws.

5.03 Informal Action by the Board of Directors

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board of Directors at a meeting may be taken without a meeting if consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be agreed by the consensus of a quorum. For purposes of this section an e-mail transmission from an e-mail address on record constitutes a valid writing. The intent of this provision is to allow the Board of Directors to use email to approve actions, as long as a quorum of the Board gives consent.



ARTICLE VI - OFFICERS

6.01 Board Executive Officers

The Board executive officers of the corporation shall consist of Board President/Chief Executive Officer, Vice President, Secretary, and Treasurer, all of whom shall be chosen by, and serve at the pleasure of, the Board of Directors. Each Board Executive Officer shall have the authority and shall perform the duties set forth in these Bylaws or by resolution of the Board or by direction of an officer authorized by the Board to prescribe the duties and authority of other officers. The Board may also appoint additional Vice Presidents and such other officers as it deems expedient for the proper conduct of the business of the corporation, each of whom shall have such authority and shall perform such duties as the Board of directors may determine. One person may hold two or more Board offices, but no Board Executive Officer may act in more than one capacity where action of two or more officers are required. The Board is responsible to maintain core duties as members as listed in section 3.04 Duties for All Members, and is expected to act with urgency as time arises to meet immediate needs so that the organization may operate optimally to excel in its mission.

6.02 Term of Office

Each officer shall serve a one-year term of office and may not serve more than three (3) consecutive terms of office. Unless unanimously elected by the Board at the end of his/her three (3) year terms or to fill a vacancy in an officer position, each Board officer's term of office shall begin upon the adjournment of the Board meeting at which elected and shall end upon the adjournment of the Board meeting during which a successor is elected.

6.03 Removal and Resignation

The Board of Directors may remove an officer at any time, with or without cause. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party. Any resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of the notice or at any later time specified in the notice, unless otherwise specified in the notice. The acceptance of the resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

6.04 Board President / Chief Executive Officer / Chairman of the Board

The Board president shall be the chief volunteer executive officer of the corporation. The Board President shall lead the Board of Directors in performing its duties and responsibilities as the Chairman, including, if present, presiding at all meetings of the Board, and shall perform all other duties incident to the office or properly required by the Board of Directors.



6.05 Vice President

In the absence or disability of the Board President, the Vice President shall perform the duties of the Board President. When so acting, the Vice President shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions of the Board President. The Vice President shall have such other powers and perform such other duties prescribed for them by the Board or the Board President.

6.06 Secretary

The Secretary shall keep or cause to be kept a book of minutes of all meetings and actions of directors and committees of directors. The minutes of each meeting shall state the time and place that it was held and such other information as shall be necessary to determine the actions taken and whether the meeting was held in accordance with the law and these Bylaws. The Secretary shall cause notice to be given of all meetings of directors and committees as required by the Bylaws. The Secretary shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Board President. The Secretary may appoint, with approval of the Board, a director to assist in performance of all or part of the duties of the Secretary.

6.07 Treasurer

The Treasurer shall be the lead director for oversight of the financial condition and affairs of the corporation. The Treasurer shall oversee and keep the Board informed of the financial condition of the corporation and of audit or financial review results. In conjunction with other directors or officers, the Treasurer shall oversee budget preparation and shall ensure that appropriate financial reports, including an account of major transactions and the financial condition of the corporation, are made available to the Board of Directors on a timely basis or as may be required by the Board of Directors. The Treasurer shall perform all duties properly required by the Board of Directors or the Board President. The Treasurer may appoint, with approval of the Board a qualified fiscal agent or member of the staff to assist in performance of all or part of the duties of the Treasurer.

6.08 Non-Director Officers

The Board of Directors may designate additional officer positions of the corporation and may appoint and assign duties to other non-director officers of the corporation.



ARTICLE VII - CONTRACTS, CHECKS, LOANS, INDEMNIFICATION AND RELATED MATTERS

7.01 Contracts and other Writings

Except as otherwise provided by resolution of the Board or Board policy, all contracts, deeds, leases, mortgages, grants, and other agreements of the corporation shall be executed on its behalf by the Treasurer or other persons to whom the corporation has delegated authority to execute such documents in accordance with policies approved by the Board.

7.02 Checks, Drafts

All checks, drafts, or other orders for payment of money, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued in the name of the corporation, shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents, of the corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board.

7.03 Deposits

All funds of the corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the corporation in such banks, trust companies, or other depository as the Board or a designated committee of the Board may select.

7.04 Loans

No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the corporation and no evidence of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by resolution of the Board. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.



7.05 Indemnification

- (a) <u>Mandatory Indemnification</u>. The corporation shall indemnify a director or former director, who was wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she was a party because he or she is or was a director of the corporation against reasonable expenses incurred by him or her in connection with the proceedings.
- **(b)** <u>Permissible Indemnification</u>. The corporation shall indemnify a director or former director made a party to a proceeding because he or she is or was a director of the corporation, against liability incurred in the proceeding, if the determination to indemnify him or her has been made in the manner prescribed by the law and payment has been authorized in the manner prescribed by law.
- (c) <u>Advance for Expenses</u>. Expenses incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding, as authorized by the Board of Directors in the specific case, upon receipt of (I) a written affirmation from the director, officer, employee or agent of his or her good faith belief that he or she is entitled to indemnification as authorized in this article, and (II) an undertaking by or on behalf of the director, officer, employee or agent to repay such amount, unless it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is entitled to be indemnified by the corporation in these Bylaws.
- (d) <u>Indemnification of Officers</u>, <u>Agents and Employees</u>. An officer of the corporation who is not a director is entitled to mandatory indemnification under this article to the same extent as a director. The corporation may also indemnify and advance expenses to an employee or agent of the corporation who is not a director, consistent with New York Law and public policy, provided that such indemnification, and the scope of such indemnification, is set forth by the general or specific action of the Board or by contract.



ARTICLE VIII - MISCELLANEOUS

8.01 Books and Records

The corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall keep minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of its Board of Directors, a record of all actions taken by Board of Directors without a meeting, and a record of all actions taken by committees of the Board. In addition, the corporation shall keep a copy of the corporation's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws as amended to date.

8.02 Fiscal Year

The fiscal year of the corporation shall be from January 1 to December 31 of each year.

8.03 Conflict of Interest

The Board shall adopt and periodically review a conflict of interest policy to protect the corporation's interest when it is contemplating any transaction or arrangement which may benefit any director, officer, employee, affiliate, or member of a committee with Board-delegated powers.

8.04 Nondiscrimination Policy

The officers, directors, committee members, employees, and persons served by this corporation shall be selected entirely on a nondiscriminatory basis with respect to age, sex, race, religion, national origin, and sexual orientation. It is the policy of Prayer Tents, Inc. not to discriminate on the basis of race, creed, ancestry, marital status, gender, sexual orientation, age, physical disability, veteran's status, political service or affiliation, color, religion, or national origin.



8.05 Bylaw Amendment

These Bylaws may be amended, altered, repealed, or restated by a vote of the majority of the Board of Directors then in office at a meeting of the Board, provided, however,

- (a) that no amendment shall be made to these Bylaws which would cause the corporation to cease to qualify as an exempt corporation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the corresponding section of any future Federal tax code; and,
- **(b)** that an amendment does not affect the voting rights of directors. An amendment that does affect the voting rights of directors further requires ratification by a two-thirds vote of a quorum of directors at a Board meeting.
- (c) that all amendments be consistent with the Articles of Incorporation.



ARTICLE IX - COUNTERTERRORISM AND DUE DILIGENCE POLICY

9.01 Counterterrorism and Due Diligence Policy

In furtherance of its exemption by contributions to other organizations, domestic or foreign, Prayer Tents, Inc. shall stipulate how the funds will be used and shall require the recipient to provide the corporation with detailed records and financial proof of how the funds were utilized.

Although adherence and compliance with the US Department of the Treasury's publication the "Voluntary Best Practice for US. Based Charities" is not mandatory, Prayer Tents, Inc. willfully and voluntarily recognizes and puts to practice these guidelines and suggestions to reduce, develop, re-evaluate and strengthen a risk-based approach to guard against the threat of diversion of charitable funds or exploitation of charitable activity by terrorist organizations and their support networks.

Prayer Tents, Inc. shall also comply and put into practice the federal guidelines, suggestion, laws and limitation set forth by pre-existing U.S. legal requirements related to combating terrorist financing, which include, but are not limited to, various sanctions programs administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) in regard to its foreign activities.



ARTICLE X - DOCUMENT RETENTION POLICY

10.01 Purpose

The purpose of this document retention policy is establishing standards for document integrity, retention, and destruction and to promote the proper treatment of Prayer Tents, Inc. records.

10.02 Policy

<u>Section 1. General Guidelines</u>. Records should not be kept if they are no longer needed for the operation of the business or required by law. Unnecessary records should be eliminated from the files. The cost of maintaining records is an expense which can grow unreasonably if good housekeeping is not performed. A mass of records also makes it more difficult to find pertinent records.

From time to time, Prayer Tents, Inc. may establish retention or destruction policies or schedules for specific categories of records in order to ensure legal compliance, and also to accomplish other objectives, such as preserving intellectual property and cost management. Several categories of documents that warrant special consideration are identified below. While minimum retention periods are established, the retention of the documents identified below and of documents not included in the identified categories should be determined primarily by the application of the general guidelines affecting document retention, as well as the exception for litigation relevant documents and any other pertinent factors.

<u>Section 2. Exception for Litigation Relevant Documents</u>. Prayer Tents, Inc. expects all officers, directors, and employees to comply fully with any published records retention or destruction policies and schedules, provided that all officers, directors, and employees should note the following general exception to any stated destruction schedule: If you believe, or the Prayer Tents, Inc. informs you, that corporate records are relevant to litigation, or potential litigation (i.e. a dispute that could result in litigation), then you must preserve those records until it is determined that the records are no longer needed. That exception supersedes any previously or subsequently established destruction schedule for those records.

<u>Section 3. Minimum Retention Periods for Specific Categories.</u>

(a) <u>Corporate Documents.</u> Corporate records include the corporation's Articles of Incorporation, By-Laws and IRS Form 1023 and Application for Exemption. Corporate records should be retained permanently. IRS regulations require that the Form 1023 be available for public inspection upon request.



- **(b)** <u>Tax Records.</u> Tax records include, but may not be limited to, documents concerning payroll, expenses, proof of contributions made by donors, accounting procedures, and other documents concerning the corporation's revenues. Tax records should be retained for at least seven years from the date of filing the applicable return.
- (c) Employment Records/Personnel Records. State and federal statutes require the corporation to keep certain recruitment, employment and personnel information. The corporation should also keep personnel files that reflect performance reviews and any complaints brought against the corporation or individual employees under applicable state and federal statutes. The corporation should also keep in the employee's personnel file all final memoranda and correspondence reflecting performance reviews and actions taken by or against personnel. Employment applications should be retained for three years. Retirement and pension records should be kept permanently. Other employment and personnel records should be retained for seven years.
- (d) <u>Board and Board Committee Materials.</u> Meeting minutes should be retained in perpetuity in the corporation's minute book. A clean copy of all other Board and Board Committee materials should be kept for no less than three years by the corporation.
- **(e)** <u>Press Releases/Public Filings.</u> The corporation should retain permanent copies of all press releases and publicly filed documents under the theory that the corporation should have its own copy to test the accuracy of any document a member of the public can theoretically produce against the corporation.
- **(f)** <u>Legal Files.</u> Legal counsel should be consulted to determine the retention period of particular documents, but legal documents should generally be maintained for a period of ten years.
- **(g)** Marketing and Sales Documents. The corporation should keep final copies of marketing and sales documents for the same period of time it keeps other corporate files, generally three years. An exception to the three-year policy may be sales invoices, contracts, leases, licenses, and other legal documentation. These documents should be kept for at least three years beyond the life of the agreement.



- **(h)** <u>Development/Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets.</u> Development documents are often subject to intellectual property protection in their final form (e.g., patents and copyrights). The documents detailing the development process are often also of value to the corporation and are protected as a trade secret where the corporation:
 - (i) Derives independent economic value from the secrecy of the information; and
 - (ii) Has taken affirmative steps to keep the information confidential.

The corporation should keep all documents designated as containing trade secret information for at least the life of the trade secret.

- (i) <u>Contracts.</u> Final, execution copies of all contracts entered into by the corporation should be retained. The corporation should retain copies of the final contracts for at least three years beyond the life of the agreement, and longer in the case of publicly filed contracts.
- (j) <u>Correspondence</u>. Unless correspondence falls under another category listed elsewhere in this policy, correspondence should generally be saved for two years.
- **(k)** <u>Banking and Accounting.</u> Accounts payable ledgers and schedules should be kept for seven years. Bank reconciliations, bank statements, deposit slips and checks (unless for important payments and purchases) should be kept for three years. Any inventories of products, materials, and supplies and any invoices should be kept for seven years.
- (I) <u>Insurance</u>. Expired insurance policies, insurance records, accident reports, claims, etc. should be kept permanently.
- (m) <u>Audit Records.</u> External audit reports should be kept permanently. Internal audit reports should be kept for three years.

Section 4. Electronic Mail. E-mail that needs to be saved should be either:

- (i) Printed in hard copy and kept in the appropriate file; or
- (ii) Downloaded to a computer file and kept electronically or on disk as a separate file. The retention period depends upon the subject matter of the e-mail, as covered elsewhere in this policy.



ARTICLE XI - Transparency and Accountability, Disclosure of Financial Information With The General Public

11.01 Purpose

By making full and accurate information about its mission, activities, finances, and governance publicly available, Prayer Tents, Inc. practices and encourages transparency and accountability to the general public. This policy will:

- (a) Indicate which documents and materials produced by the corporation are presumptively open to staff and/or the public
- (b) Indicate which documents and materials produced by the corporation are presumptively closed to staff and/or the public
- (c) Specify the procedures whereby the open/closed status of documents and materials can be altered.

The details of this policy are as follow:

11.02 Financial and IRS documents (The form 1023 and the form 990)

Prayer Tents, Inc. shall provide its Internal Revenue forms 1023, bylaws, conflict of interest policy, and financial statements to the general public for inspection free of charge.



11.03 Means and Conditions of Disclosure

Prayer Tents, Inc. shall make "Widely Available" the aforementioned documents on its internet website: www.prayertents.com to be viewed and inspected by the general public.

- (a) The documents shall be posted in a format that allows an individual using the Internet to access, download, view and print them in a manner that exactly reproduces the image of the original document filed with the IRS (except information exempt from public disclosure requirements, such as contributor lists).
- (b) The website shall clearly inform readers that the document is available and provide instructions for downloading it.
- (c) Prayer Tents, Inc. shall not charge a fee for downloading the information. Documents shall not be posted in a format that would require special computer hardware or software (other than software readily available to the public free of charge).
- (d) Prayer Tents, Inc. shall inform anyone requesting the information where this information can be found, including the web address. This information must be provided immediately for inperson requests and within 7 days for mailed requests.

11.04 Board

- (a) All Board deliberations shall be open to the public except where the Board passes a motion to make any specific portion confidential.
- (b) All Board minutes shall be open to the public once accepted by the Board, except where the Board passes a motion to make any specific portion confidential.
- (c) All papers and materials considered by the Board shall be open to the public following the meeting at which they are considered, except where the Board passes a motion to make any specific paper or material confidential.



11.05 Staff Records

- (a) All staff records shall be available for consultation by the staff member concerned or by their legal representatives.
- (b) No staff records shall be made available to any person outside the corporation except the authorized governmental agencies.
- (c) Within the corporation, staff records shall be made available only to those persons with managerial or personnel responsibilities for that staff member, except that
- (d) Staff records shall be made available to the Board when requested.

11.06 Donor Records

- (a) All donor records shall be available for consultation by the members and donors concerned or by their legal representatives.
- (b) No donor records shall be made available to any other person outside the corporation except the authorized governmental agencies.
- (c) Within the corporation, donor records shall be made available only to those persons with managerial or personnel responsibilities for dealing with those donors, except that;
- (d) Donor records shall be made available to the Board when requested.



ARTICLE XII - CODES OF ETHICS AND WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

12.01 Purpose

Prayer Tents, Inc. requires and encourages directors, officers and employees to observe and practice high standards of business and personal ethics in the conduct of their duties and responsibilities. The employees and representatives of the corporation must practice honesty and integrity in fulfilling their responsibilities and comply with all applicable laws and regulations. It is the intent of Prayer Tents, Inc. to adhere to all laws and regulations that apply to the corporation and the underlying purpose of this policy is to support the corporation's goal of legal compliance. The support of all corporate staff is necessary to achieving compliance with various laws and regulations.

12.02 Reporting Violations

If any director, officer, staff or employee reasonably believes that some policy, practice, or activity of Prayer Tents, Inc. is in violation of law, a written complaint must be filed by that person with the Vice President or the Board president.

12.03 Acting in Good Faith

Anyone filing a complaint concerning a violation or suspected violation of the Code must be acting in good faith and have reasonable grounds for believing the information disclosed indicates a violation of the Code. Any allegations that prove not to be substantiated and which prove to have been made maliciously or knowingly to be false shall be viewed as a serious disciplinary offense.



12.04 Retaliation

Said person is protected from retaliation only if she/he brings the alleged unlawful activity, policy, or practice to the attention of Prayer Tents, Inc. and provides the Prayer Tents, Inc. with a reasonable opportunity to investigate and correct the alleged unlawful activity. The protection described below is only available to individuals that comply with this requirement.

Prayer Tents, Inc. shall not retaliate against any director, officer, staff or employee who in good faith, has made a protest or raised a complaint against some practice of Prayer Tents, Inc. or of another individual or entity with whom Prayer Tents, Inc. has a business relationship, on the basis of a reasonable belief that the practice is in violation of law, or a clear mandate of public policy.

Prayer Tents, Inc. shall not retaliate against any director, officer, staff or employee who disclose or threaten to disclose to a supervisor or a public body, any activity, policy, or practice of Prayer Tents, Inc. that the individual reasonably believes is in violation of a law, or a rule, or regulation mandated pursuant to law or is in violation of a clear mandate of public policy concerning the health, safety, welfare, or protection of the environment.

12.05 Confidentiality

Violations or suspected violations may be submitted on a confidential basis by the complainant or may be submitted anonymously. Reports of violations or suspected violations shall be kept confidential to the extent possible, consistent with the need to conduct an adequate investigation.

12.06 Handling of Reported Violations

The Board president or Vice President shall notify the sender and acknowledge receipt of the reported violation or suspected violation within five business days. All reports shall be promptly investigated by the Board and its appointed committee and appropriate corrective action shall be taken if warranted by the investigation.

This policy shall be made available to all directors, officers, staffs or employees and they shall have the opportunity to ask questions about the policy.



ARTICLE XIII - AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

13.01 Amendment

Any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation may be adopted by approval of two-thirds (2/3) of the Board of Directors.



CERTIFICATE OF ADOPTION OF BYLAWS

I do hereby certify that the above stated Bylaws of Prayer Tents, Inc. were approved by the Prayer Tents Inc.'s Board of Directors on Saturday, January 23, 2016 and constitute a complete copy of the Bylaws of the corporation.

Board President/ Chief Executive Officer

Date: 23 Jan 16

